



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
REGION 5
77 WEST JACKSON BOULEVARD
CHICAGO, IL 60604-3590

JUL - 7 2014

CERTIFIED MAIL
RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

REPLY TO THE ATTENTION OF:

Guy Bartsocas
Tasty Breads International, Inc.
9445 Fullerton Avenue
Franklin Park, IL 60131

Re: Tasty Breads International, Inc., Franklin Park, IL, Consent Agreement and Final Order,
Docket Nos. **MM-05-2014-0003** **CERCLA-05-2014-0009** **EPCRA-05-2014-0017**

Dear Mr. Bartsocas:

Enclosed please find a copy of the fully executed Consent Agreement and Final Order (CAFO) in resolution of the above case. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency has filed the original CAFO with the Regional Hearing Clerk on July 7, 2014.

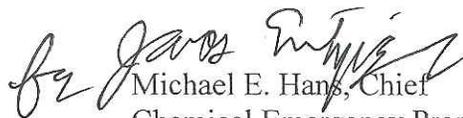
Please pay the CERCLA civil penalty in the amount of \$10,000 in the manner prescribed in paragraph 84 and reference your check with the billing document number 2751430B009 and the docket numbers CERCLA-05-2014-0009.

Please pay the EPCRA civil penalty in the amount of \$115,000 in the manner prescribed in paragraphs 85 and 86, and reference your check with the docket numbers EPCRA-05-2014-0017.

Your first payment is due on August 6, 2014. The EPCRA payment schedule is in paragraph 86.

Please feel free to contact Ginger Jager at (312) 886-0767 if you have any questions regarding the enclosed documents. Please direct any legal questions to Robert H. Smith Associate Regional Counsel, at (312) 886-0765. Thank you for your assistance in resolving this matter.

Sincerely,


Michael E. Haney, Chief
Chemical Emergency Preparedness
and Prevention Section

Enclosure

cc: Jon England, IL SERC (w/ enclosure)

**UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
REGION 5**

In the Matter of:	)	Docket Nos. EPCRA-05-2014-0017
	)	EPCRA:
Tasty Breads International, Inc.	)	CERCLA: CERCLA-05-2014-0009
Franklin Park, IL	)	MM: MM-05-2014-0003
Respondent.	)	Proceeding to Assess a Civil Penalty Under
	)	Section 109(b) of the Comprehensive
	)	Environmental Response, Compensation and
	)	Liability Act, and Section 325(b)(2), (c)(1)
	)	and (c)(2) of the Emergency Planning and
	)	Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986



Consent Agreement and Final Order
Preliminary Statement

1. This is an administrative action commenced and concluded under Section 109(b) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA), as amended, 42 U.S.C. § 9609(b), Section 325(b)(2), (c)(1), (c)(2) of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (EPCRA), 42 U.S.C. § 11045(b)(2), (c)(1), (c)(2), and Sections 22.13(b) and 22.18(b)(2) and (3) of the Consolidated Rules of Practice Governing the Administrative Assessment of Civil Penalties and the Revocation/Termination or Suspension of Permits (Consolidated Rules) as codified at 40 C.F.R. Part 22.

2. The Complainant is, by lawful delegation, the Chief of the Enforcement and Compliance Assurance Branch, Superfund Division, United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA), Region 5.

3. Respondent is Tasty Breads International, Inc., a corporation doing business in the State of Illinois.

4. Where the parties agree to settle one or more causes of action before the filing of a complaint, the administrative action may be commenced and concluded simultaneously by the issuance of a consent agreement and final order (CAFO). 40 C.F.R. § 22.13(b).

5. The parties agree that settling this action without the filing of a complaint or the adjudication of any issue of fact or law is in their interest and in the public interest.

6. Respondent consents to the assessment of the civil penalty specified in this CAFO, and the terms of the CAFO.

Jurisdiction and Waiver of Right to Hearing

7. Respondent admits the jurisdictional allegations in this CAFO and neither admits nor denies the factual allegations in this CAFO.

8. Respondent waives its right to request a hearing as provided at 40 C.F.R. § 22.15(c), any right to contest the allegations in this CAFO and its right to appeal this CAFO.

Statutory and Regulatory Background

9. Section 103(a) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9603(a), requires any person in charge of a facility to immediately notify the National Response Center (NRC) as soon as that person has knowledge of any release of a hazardous substance from the facility in an amount equal to or greater than the reportable quantity of the hazardous substance.

10. Section 103(a) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9603(a), and Section 304 of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11004, provide a mechanism to alert federal, state and local agencies that a response action may be necessary to prevent deaths or injuries to emergency responders, facility personnel and the local community. A delay or failure to notify could seriously hamper the governments' response to an emergency and pose serious threats to human health and the environment.

11. Section 304(a)(1) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11004(a)(1), requires that the owner or operator of a facility must immediately provide notice, as described in Section 304(b) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11004(b), if a release of an extremely hazardous substance in quantities equal to or greater than a reportable quantity occurs from a facility at which hazardous chemicals are produced, used or stored and such release requires notice under Section 103(a) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9603(a).

12. Under Section 304(b) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11004(b), notice required under Section 304(a) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11004(a), must be given immediately after the release by the owner or operator of a facility to the community emergency coordinator for the local emergency planning committee (LEPC) for any area likely to be affected by the release and to the state emergency response commission (SERC) of any state likely to be affected by a release.

13. Section 304(c) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11004(c), requires that, as soon as practicable after a release which requires notice under Section 304(a) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11004(a), the owner or operator of the facility must provide written follow-up emergency notice setting forth and updating the information required under Section 304(b), 42 U.S.C. § 11004(b).

14. Section 311 of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11021, and its implementing regulations at 40 C.F.R. Part 370, require the owner or operator of a facility, which is required by the Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA) to prepare or have available a material safety data sheet (MSDS) for a hazardous chemical, to submit to the state emergency response commission (SERC), community emergency coordinator for the local emergency planning committee (LEPC) and the fire department with jurisdiction over the facility an MSDS for each such hazardous chemical present at the facility at any one time in an amount equal to or greater than

10,000 pounds, and for each extremely hazardous chemical present at the facility in an amount equal to or greater than 500 pounds, or the threshold planning quantity (TPQ), whichever is lower, or to submit a list of such chemicals. The owner or operator must submit the required MSDS or list within three months after the owner or operator is first required to have the MSDS available or after the hazardous chemical requiring an MSDS first becomes present at the facility in an amount exceeding the threshold level.

15. Section 312(a) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11022(a), and its implementing regulations at 40 C.F.R. Part 370, require the owner or operator of a facility, which is required by the Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA) to prepare or have available a material safety data sheet (MSDS) for a hazardous chemical, to submit to the state emergency response commission (SERC), community coordinator for the local emergency planning committee (LEPC) and fire department with jurisdiction over the facility by March 1, 1988, and annually thereafter, an emergency and hazardous chemical inventory form (Tier I or Tier II as described in 40 C.F.R. Part 370). The form must contain the information required by Section 312(d) of EPCRA, covering all hazardous chemicals present at the facility at any one time during the preceding year in amounts equal to or exceeding 10,000 pounds and all extremely hazardous chemicals present at the facility at any one time in amounts equal to or greater than 500 pounds or the threshold planning quantity designated by U.S. EPA at 40 C.F.R. Part 355, Appendices A and B, whichever is lower.

16. Sections 311 and 312(a) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. §§ 11021 and 11022(a), assist state and local committees in planning for emergencies and make information on chemical presence and hazards available to the public. A delay in reporting could result in harm to human health and the environment.

17. Under 29 C.F.R. § 1910.1200(b)(1), all employers are required to provide information to their employees about the hazardous chemicals to which they are exposed including, but not limited to, MSDS.

18. Under Section 311(e) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11021(e), with certain exceptions, the term “hazardous chemical” has the meaning given such term by 29 U.S.C. § 1910.1200(c).

19. Under 29 C.F.R. § 1910.1200(c), a hazardous chemical is any chemical which is classified as a physical or health hazard, a simple asphyxiant, combustible dust, pyrophoric gas, or hazard not otherwise classified.

20. Section 109(b) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9609(b), Section 325(b)(2) and (c)(1) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11045(b)(2) and (c)(1), authorize U.S. EPA to assess a civil penalty of up to \$25,000 per day of violation of CERCLA Section 103, and EPCRA Sections 304 and 312. The Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996, 31 U.S.C. § 3701 note, and its implementing regulations at 40 C.F.R. Part 19 increased these statutory maximum penalties to \$37,500 per day of violation for violations that occurred after January 12, 2009.

21. Section 325(c)(2) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11045(c)(2), authorizes U.S. EPA to assess a civil penalty of up to \$10,000 for each EPCRA Section 311 violation. The Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996, 31 U.S.C. § 3701 note, and its implementing regulations at 40 C.F.R. Part 19 increased the statutory maximum penalty to \$16,000 per day of violation for violations that occurred after January 12, 2009.

Factual Allegations and Alleged Violations

22. Respondent is a “person” as that term is defined under Section 101(21) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9601(21).

23. Respondent is a "person" as that term is defined under Section 329(7) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11049(7).

24. At all times relevant to this CAFO, Respondent was an owner or operator of the facility located at 9445 Fullerton Ave., Franklin Park, Illinois (facility).

25. At all times relevant to this CAFO, Respondent was an employer at the facility.

26. At all times relevant to this CAFO, Respondent was in charge of the facility.

27. Respondent's facility consists of buildings, equipment, structures; or any site or area where a hazardous substance has been deposited, stored, disposed of, or placed, or otherwise come to be located.

28. Respondent's facility is a "facility" as that term is defined under Section 101(9) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9601(9).

29. Respondent's facility consists of buildings, equipment, structures, and other stationary items which are located on a single site or on contiguous or adjacent sites, and which are owned or operated by the same person.

30. Respondent's facility is a "facility" as that term is defined under Section 329(4) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11049(4).

31. Anhydrous ammonia, CAS #7664-41-7, is a "hazardous substance" as that term is defined under Section 101(14) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9601(14).

32. Anhydrous ammonia, CAS #7664-41-7, has a reportable quantity of 100 pounds, as indicated at 40 C.F.R. Part 302, Table 302.4.

33. Anhydrous ammonia is classified as a physical or health hazard, and a simple asphyxiant.

34. Anhydrous ammonia, CAS #7664-41-7, is a "hazardous chemical" within the meaning of Section 311(e) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11021(e), and 29 C.F.R. § 10.1200(c).

35. Anhydrous ammonia, CAS #7664-41-7, has a minimum threshold level of 500 pounds, as provided in 40 C.F.R. Part 370.

36. At all times relevant to this CAFO, anhydrous ammonia was produced, used or stored at Respondent's facility.

37. Anhydrous ammonia, CAS #7664-41-7, is an "extremely hazardous substance" according to Section 302(a)(2) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11002(a)(2).

38. Anhydrous ammonia, CAS #7664-41-7, has a reportable quantity of 100 pounds, as indicated at 40 C.F.R. Part 355, Appendix A.

39. As of September 1, 2009, anhydrous ammonia was present at the facility at any one time in an amount equal to or greater than the minimum threshold level.

40. During at least one period of time in calendar year 2009, anhydrous ammonia was present at the facility in an amount equal to or greater than the minimum threshold level.

41. During at least one period of time in calendar year 2010, anhydrous ammonia was present at the facility in an amount equal to or greater than the minimum threshold level.

42. OSHA requires Respondent to prepare, or have available, a MSDS for anhydrous ammonia.

43. Respondent was required to submit to the SERC, LEPC and fire department with jurisdiction over the facility on or before March 1, 2010, a MSDS for anhydrous ammonia or a list including anhydrous ammonia.

44. Respondent was required to submit to the SERC, LEPC and fire department with jurisdiction over the facility on or before March 1, 2010, a completed emergency and hazardous chemical inventory form including anhydrous ammonia for calendar year 2009.

45. Respondent was required to submit to the SERC, LEPC and fire department with jurisdiction over the facility on or before March 1, 2011, a completed emergency and hazardous chemical inventory form including anhydrous ammonia for calendar year 2010.

46. On September 1, 2011, at or about 12:00 a.m., a release occurred from Respondent's facility of approximately 900 pounds of anhydrous ammonia (the release).

47. In a 24 hour time period, the release of anhydrous ammonia exceeded 100 pounds.

48. During the release, approximately 900 pounds of anhydrous ammonia discharged, into the air.

49. The release is a "release" as that term is defined under Section 101(22) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9601(22).

50. The release is a "release" as that term is defined under Section 329(8) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11049(8).

51. Respondent had knowledge of the release on September 1, 2011, at approximately 12:01 a.m.

52. The release was one for which notice was required under Section 103(a) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9603(a).

53. The release required notice under Section 304(a) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11004(a).

54. The release was likely to affect Illinois.

55. At all times relevant to this CAFO, the Illinois Emergency Management Agency was the SERC for Illinois under Section 301(a) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11001(a).

56. The release was likely to affect Cook County.

57. At all times relevant to this CAFO, the Suburban Cook County LEPC was the LEPC for Cook County under Section 301(c) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11001(c).

58. At all times relevant to this CAFO, the Franklin Fire Department was the fire department with jurisdiction over the facility.

59. Respondent notified the NRC of the release on September 1, 2011, at 2:53 a.m.

60. Respondent did not immediately notify the NRC as soon as Respondent had knowledge of the release.

61. Respondent's failure to immediately notify the NRC of the release is a violation of Section 103(a) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9603(a).

62. Respondent notified the Illinois SERC of release on September 1, 2011, at 11:02 a.m.

63. Respondent did not immediately notify the SERC after Respondent had knowledge of the release.

64. Respondent's failure to immediately notify the SERC of the release is a violation of Section 304(a) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11004(a).

65. Respondent notified the LEPC of the release on September 1, 2011, sometime after 2:36 a.m.

66. Respondent did not immediately notify the LEPC after Respondent had knowledge of the release.

67. Respondent's failure to immediately notify the LEPC of the release is a violation of Section 304(a) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11004(a).

68. As of September 11, 2013, Respondent had not provided written follow-up emergency notice of the release to the SERC.

69. Respondent did not provide the SERC written follow-up emergency notice of the release as soon as practicable after the release occurred.

70. Respondent's failure to provide written follow-up emergency notice to the SERC as soon as practicable after the release occurred is a violation Section 304(c) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11004(c).

71. As of September 11, 2013, Respondent had not provided the written follow-up emergency notice to the LEPC.

72. Respondent did not provide the LEPC with written follow-up emergency notice of the release as soon as practicable after the release occurred.

73. Respondent's failure to provide written follow-up emergency notice to the LEPC as soon as practicable after the release occurred is a violation of Section 304(c) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11004(c).

74. Respondent submitted to the SERC, LEPC and Franklin Fire Department a MSDS for anhydrous ammonia or a list showing anhydrous ammonia on January 13, 2012.

75. Each day Respondent failed to submit to the SERC a MSDS or a list for anhydrous ammonia by March 1, 2010, constitutes a separate violation of Section 311 of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11021.

76. Each day Respondent failed to submit to the LEPC a MSDS or a list for anhydrous ammonia by March 1, 2010, constitutes a separate violation of Section 311 of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11021.

77. Each day Respondent failed to submit to the Franklin Fire Department a MSDS or a list for anhydrous ammonia by March 1, 2010, constitutes a separate violation of Section 311 of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11021.

78. Respondent submitted to the SERC, LEPC and Franklin Fire Department a completed Emergency and Hazardous Chemical Inventory Form including anhydrous ammonia on January 13, 2012, for calendar year 2009.

79. Each day Respondent failed to submit to the SERC, LEPC, and Franklin Fire Department a completed Emergency and Hazardous Chemical Inventory Form including anhydrous ammonia by March 1, 2010, for calendar year 2009 constitutes a separate violation of Section 312(a) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11022(a).

80. Respondent submitted to the SERC, LEPC and Franklin Fire Department a completed Emergency and Hazardous Chemical Inventory Form including anhydrous ammonia on January 13, 2012, for calendar year 2010.

81. Each day Respondent failed to submit to the SERC a completed Emergency and Hazardous Chemical Inventory Form including anhydrous ammonia by March 1, 2011, for calendar year 2010 constitutes a separate violation of Section 312(a) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11022(a).

82. Each day Respondent failed to submit to the LEPC a completed emergency and hazardous chemical inventory form including anhydrous ammonia by March 1, 2011, for calendar year 2010 constitutes a separate violation of Section 312(a) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11022(a).

83. Each day Respondent failed to submit to the Franklin Fire Department a completed emergency and hazardous chemical inventory form including anhydrous ammonia by March 1,

2011 for calendar year 2010 constitutes a separate violation of Section 312(a) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11022(a).

Civil Penalty

84. Complainant has determined that an appropriate civil penalty to settle this action is \$10,000 for the CERCLA violation. In determining the penalty amount, Complainant considered the nature, circumstances, extent and gravity of the violation, and with respect to Respondent, its ability to pay, prior history of violations, economic benefit or savings resulting from the violation and any other matters as justice may require. Complainant also considered U.S. EPA's Enforcement Response Policy for Sections 304, 311 and 312 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act and Section 103 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act, dated September 30, 1999 (EPCRA/CERCLA Enforcement Response Policy).

Within 30 days after the effective date of this CAFO, Respondent must pay a \$10,000 civil penalty for the CERCLA violation. Respondent must pay the penalty by sending a cashier's or certified check, payable to "EPA Hazardous Substance Superfund," to:

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Superfund Payments
Cincinnati Finance Center
P.O. Box 979076
St. Louis, MO 63197-9000

CERCLA-05-2014-0009

The check must note the following: Tasty Breads International, Inc., the docket numbers of this CAFO and the billing document number 2751430B009.

85. Complainant has determined that an appropriate civil penalty to settle this action is \$115,000 for the EPCRA violations. In determining the penalty amount, Complainant considered the nature, circumstances, extent and gravity of the violations, and with respect to

Respondent, its ability to pay, prior history of violations, economic benefit or savings resulting from the violations and any other matters as justice may require. Complainant also considered U.S. EPA's EPCRA/CERCLA Enforcement Response Policy.

86. Respondent must pay a \$115,000 civil penalty in seven installments with interest as follows:

Payment	Due By:	Amount	Principal	Interest
1	Date of filing + 30 days	\$25,095.83	\$25,000	\$95.83
2	Date of filing + 90 days	\$15,150.00	\$15,000	\$150.00
3	Date of filing + 180 days	\$15,187.50	\$15,000	\$187.50
4	Date of filing + 270 days	\$15,150.00	\$15,000	\$150.00
5	Date of filing + 360 days	\$15,112.50	\$15,000	\$112.50
6	Date of filing + 450 days	\$15,075.00	\$15,000	\$75.00
7	Date of filing + 540 days	\$15,037.50	\$15,000	\$37.50
	Totals:	\$115,808.33	\$115,00.00	\$808.33

By sending cashier's or certified checks, payable to "Treasurer, United States of America," by the above mentioned due dates to:

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
 Fines and Penalties
 Cincinnati Finance Center
 P.O. Box 979077
 St. Louis, MO 63197-9000

The checks must note the following: Tasty Breads International, Inc. and the docket numbers of this CAFO EPCRA-05-2014-0017.

87. A transmittal letter, stating Respondent's name, the case name, Respondent's complete address, the case docket numbers and the billing document number, if any, must accompany the payment. Respondent must send a copy of the checks and transmittal letters to:

Regional Hearing Clerk, (E-19J)
U.S. EPA, Region 5
77 West Jackson Blvd.
Chicago, IL 60604-3511

Ginger Jager, (SC-5J)
Chemical Emergency Preparedness
and Prevention Section
U.S. EPA, Region 5
77 West Jackson Blvd.
Chicago, IL 60604

Robert H. Smith, (C-14J)
Office of Regional Counsel
U.S. EPA, Region 5
77 West Jackson Blvd.
Chicago, IL 60604

88. This civil penalty is not deductible for federal tax purposes.

89. If Respondent does not timely pay any payment or installment payment as set forth in paragraphs 84 and 86, above, or any stipulated penalties due under paragraph 90, below, the entire unpaid balance of the civil and stipulated penalties and any amount required by paragraph 90 below, shall become due and owing upon written notice by U.S. EPA to Respondent of the delinquency. U.S. EPA may bring an action to collect any unpaid portion of the penalty with interest, handling charges, nonpayment penalties and the United States enforcement expenses for the collection action. The validity, amount and appropriateness of the civil penalty are not reviewable in a collection action.

90. Pursuant to 31 C.F.R. § 901.9, Respondent must pay the following on any amount overdue under this CAFO. Interest will accrue on any amount overdue from the date the

payment was due at a rate established pursuant to 31 U.S.C. § 3717. Respondent must pay a \$15 handling charge each month that any portion of the penalty is more than 30 days past due. In addition, U.S. EPA will assess a 6 percent per year penalty on any principal amount 90 days past due.

General Provisions

91. This CAFO resolves only Respondent's liability for federal civil penalties for the violations alleged in the CAFO.

92. This CAFO does not affect the rights of U.S. EPA or the United States to pursue appropriate injunctive or other equitable relief or criminal sanctions for any violations of law.

93. Respondent certifies that it is complying with Section 103(a) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9603(a), and Sections 304, 311 and 312(a) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. §§ 11004, 11021 and 11022(a).

94. This CAFO does not affect Respondent's responsibility to comply with CERCLA, EPCRA and other applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations.

95. This CAFO is a "final order" for purposes of U.S. EPA's EPCRA/CERCLA Enforcement Response Policy.

96. The terms of this CAFO bind Respondent and its successors and assigns.

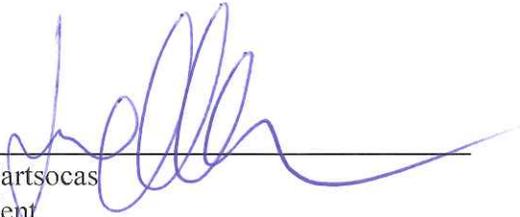
97. Each person signing this consent agreement certifies that he or she has the authority to sign for the party whom he or she represents and to bind that party to its terms.

98. Each party agrees to bear its own costs and attorney's fees in this action.

99. This CAFO constitutes the entire agreement between the parties.

Tasty Breads International, Inc., Respondent

6/20/14
Date

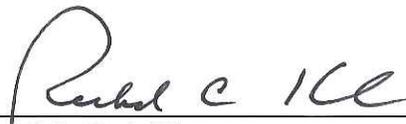

Gus Bartsocas
President
Tasty Breads International, Inc.

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Complainant

6/30/14
Date


Mick Hans, Acting Chief
Enforcement and Compliance Assurance Branch
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Region 5

6-30-14
Date


Richard C. Karl, Director
Superfund Division
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Region 5



In the Matter of: Tasty Breads International, Inc.

Docket Nos. MM-05-2014-0003

CERCLA-05-2014-0009

EPCRA-05-2014-0017

Final Order

This Consent Agreement and Final Order, as agreed to by the parties, shall become effective immediately upon filing with the Regional Hearing Clerk. This Final Order concludes this proceeding pursuant to 40 C.F.R. §§ 22.18 and 22.31. IT IS SO ORDERED.

7-2-2014

Date



Susan Hedman
Regional Administrator
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Region 5

In the Matter of: Tasty Breads International, Inc.

Docket Nos. MM-05-2014-0003

CERCLA-05-2014-0009

EPCRA-05-2014-0017

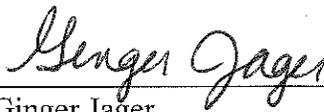
Certificate of Service

I, Ginger Jager, certify that I filed the original and a copy of the Consent Agreement and Final Order (CAFO) with the Regional Hearing Clerk, U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 5, delivered a copy of the CAFO by intra-office mail to the Regional Judicial Officer, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 5, and mailed copies of the CAFO by first-class, postage prepaid, certified mail, return receipt requested, to the Respondent and Respondent's attorney by placing it in the custody of the United States Postal Service addressed as follows:

Gus Bartsocas
Tasty Breads International, Inc.
9445 Fullerton Ave.
Franklin Park, IL 60131

Eric E. Boyd
Thompson Coburn LLP
55 East Monroe Street
37th Floor
Chicago, IL 60603

on the 8th day of July, 2014



Ginger Jager
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Region 5